Weyler Pronounces Cuba Partially Ripe for Reform Measures.

COUNCIL DECIDES ON IMMEDIATE ACTION

Ministers Advise the Queen to Sign Decrees at Once.

MOVE IS EXPECTED TO END THE WAR

Liffect of the Promulgation of the New Order Anticipated.

ONLY TWO PROVINCES NOT YET PACIFIED

Rebellion Has Been Successfully Stamped Out in Pinar del Rio, Havana, Matanzas and Santa Clara.

(Copyright, 1897, by Press Publishing Company.) MADRID, April 29.—(New York World ment was not provocative.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, replying to Cablegram - Special Telegram.) - General the preparations of all the regulations, the

Queen Christiana was deeply moved and much pleased today when the ministers in council at the palace informed her that in consequence of the favorable intelligence wired by General Weyler they had decided to | ment attack caused a tumult on the tory side wired by Gereral Weyler they had decided to recommended her to sign the decrees, which she did, and they will be published in the Madrid and Hayana Gazettes tomorrew, putting in force definitely, the home rule re-Madrid and Bayana Gazettes tomorrow, put-ting in force definitely the home rule re-forms in the provinces of Havana, Pinar del Matanzan and Santa Clara.

The decision of the cabinet was so sudden that it caused profound surprise and very conflicting feelings in Madrid. Most of the conflicting feelings in Madrid. Most of the people surmise that General Weyler and the government must be in possession of data unknown as yet to the public that will justify the step. ARTHUR E. HOUGHTON.

LIVELY DEBATES IN THE COMMONS. Harcourt Criticises Chamberlain and

the Latter Replies. LONDON, April 29.-The chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, read the budget in the House of Commons today. The lobby to discuss the situation. balanced account for 1886-1897 shows the exchequer revenue to be £103.559,000 (\$519,750,-000) and the expenditures £101,477,000 (\$507,-305,000), leaving a surplus of £2,437,000 (\$12,-265,000). He announced that the total value of British trade during the last fiscal year was £738,000,000 (\$3,360,000,000), an increase of 5 per cent. He dwelt upon the pres-perity shown by this more than by the beer drunk and the tobacco consumed. The in-

timate by nearly £3,500,000 (\$17,500,0 The charcellor of the exchequer said that careful estimate was made in 1896 and that they were bound to make an equally careful one in 1897, especially because a war cloud has just broken out and no one is able to say how long it will last or how far it will extend. The receipts from the income tax are larger than ever before.

The chancellor further said: "Our monar-chy was never so valuable to the country as now. We were the best and cheapest mon archy in the world in 1836-7, when it cost the nation £534,000; now it costs the nation £185,-600. The total exchequer expenditures for the current year are estimated at £101,104,000 and the revenue is estimated at £103,360,000 showing an apparent surplus of over i1,500, 000, but in view of the increased strengt of mivies the government intends to ad-

"We had also to consider very carefull our position as to the paramount power in South Africa and decided to make a mate rial increase in the imperial garrison in that colony. These measures are not taken in an aggressive spirit. We intend to fulfill our obligations and expect others to do the same. For this purpose we want £200,000. The sum of £300,000 will be devoted to postal and telegraph reforms. The remainder of the surplus will be devoted to education in Ireland and Scotland and for the enter-tainment of the colonial and foreign courts during the jubilee celebrations."

Sir William Harcourt accused Mr. Cham-berlish of trying to arouse a war feeling and of using in all his recent statements "ex-asperating language calculated to excite feel ing of radical hatred in South Africa, which, however, thank God, have failed."

Continuing, he said the policy of the secretary of state for the colonies intending to produce a radical war was defeated by the good sense and feeling of the people of the Colonical Colony, and he colonies in the colonies. good sense and feeling of the people of case Colony, and he polated to the adoption of the recent conciliatory motion in the Parliament of Cape Colony as being a condemnation of this war policy, adding that he was bappy to say the peaceful policy was supported by the government of Cape Colony. The secretary of state for the colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, here entered the House and, unid cheers, Sir William Harcourt said. "In the presence of Mr. Chamberlain I repeat that it is an atterly unjustifiable attempt post that it is an utterly unjustifiable attempt

When we are asked to refuse a reduction of the taxes of Great Britain in order to contribute money to promote warlike, aggressive operations in South Africa-(Oh!')-we oppose a most determined resistance. The proposal to apply money to un-justifiable purposes against the will of the people and government of Capetown is one of the most injurious things with reference to the empire over submitted to this House

Mr. Chamberlain said he had not expected to have to reply to such pernicious and dangerous language. He classed Sir William Harcourt's "tterances as being "unpatriotic in the highest degree, embarrassing to the government and injurious to the cause of

Continuing, Mr. Chamberlain asserted that Sir William Harcourt's statement to the effect that the government's policy had been rejected by the Cape government and people were absolutely inaccurate. The policy of the government he explained, had policy of the government, he explained not changed from the first. Only circum not changed from the some extent. The stances had changed to some extent. The government's policy, Mr. Chamberlain added, is to maintain its obligations not to engage in any aggressive operations nor to attack the independence of a friendly state, "but to maintain a downright stand for the rights

of the nation."
"I hoped," continued Mr. Chamberlain "that our policy would continue to be non-partisan, but that hope has disappeared in the face of Sir William Harcourt's speech, and I now challenge him to raise the issue, (Cheers and counter clicers.)

(Cheers and counter cheers.)

"Is the opposition prepared to take issue with us when we say that while we intend to observe our own obligations we intend that obligations towerd us shall also be maintained. The question between us and the Transvaal is not interference in the international affairs of the Transvaal nor an attack on the London convention upon our part, but breaches of the convention upon our the part of the Transvaal, and we are calling.

Appears that immediately after his disappears the city of Friday later. When we write a letter stating that he had drowned himself in the lake, Sheldon drew \$5.500 from the First National bank. International affairs of the Transvaal nor an attack on the city of the word a letter stating that he had drowned himself in the city of the word a letter stating that he had drowned himself in the lake, Sheldon drew \$5.500 from the First National bank. International affairs of the Transvaal nor an attack on the city of the word a letter stating that he word a letter stating that he word a letter stating that he had drowned himself in the lake, Sheldon drew \$5.500 from the First the part of the Transvaal, and we are calling upon them to give us satisfaction." Sir William Harcourt here interrupted

HOME RULE FOR FOUR Lain, hotly. (Prolonged cheering greeted the sharp answer of the secretary of state for the colonies, who continued):

'We ask for £200,000 when everybody knows the Transvasi is asking for a million and hundreds and hundreds of thousands. The Transvasi has been arming to an ex-tent absolutely unjustifiable by any ordinary policy of defense. We have not complained, but the result has been that the present ar-rangements of the Transvaal are altogether disproportionate to the defensive resources of Cape Colony, and the Transvaal's armameets, after expending considerably over a million upon them, are still going on. Bat-teries of artillery and Maxim guns, millions and millions of cartridges and hundreds of thousands of rifles have been imported into the Transvaal."

the Transvaal."

Mr. Chamberlain concluded with saying:

"I do not believe there is a feeling to repudiate the policy of the government. On
the contrary, I believe the feeling of every
loyal British subject at the Cape to be one of gratitude and satisfaction with her maj-esty's government. I understand that they recognize their position as the representatives of the paramount power in South Africa and are determined. In the often used words, to maintain the integrity of all of our rights under the convention.

Later, replying to Thomas Watner, liberal, Mr. Chamberlain said that the dispatch of a regiment of British infantry and a brigade of British artillery to Cape Colony was intended as a permanent increase of the Cape

Mr. Balfour, first lord of the tressury and the government leader in the House, also deprecated Sir William Harcourt's language and protested that the policy of the govern-

Cablegram - Special Telegram.) - General Mr. Balfour, expressed his satisfaction at the statement just made by the first lord Cuba out of six fully justified an attempt to carry out the agreed-upon reforms. This might contribute to still further weaken the insurrection, even in the two remaining prov-Inces of Puerto Principe and Santiago. As Great Britain did not and would not countethe minister of the coionies has completed names such a disgraceful policy as the incttement of a race war in South Africa. The budget of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach

full text of the reforms will be sent to Havana by the mail atcamer tomorrow, whose departure is postponed twenty-four hours for postal telegraph reforms have been promised, reforms long and urgeotly needed, which will be a boon to the community. All such immediate interests, however, are com-pletely overshadowed by the excited debate on the South African situation.

Sir William Harcourt's sudden and vehe

first lord of the admiralty, rapidly told him what had passed while he made quick notes of Mr. Harcourt's phrases. The excitement of the House was maintained at white heat ith cheers and counter cheers throughout

Mr. Hallour did his best to calm matters, and promised to give a day for a discus-sion of the proposed grant at the earliest pos-sible date. The House then emptied into the

ONE BUTCHERY STORY IS DENIED.

Disnatch Published in New York Declared to Be Without Foundation. giving alleged details of the destruction, by parel. a band of guerrillas under command of Captain Diaz of a small village, ten miles from Sancti Spiritus, and of the massacre of 150 inhabitants. There is no truth whatever in the story. The dispatch in question al-leged that the inhabitants of the village had received permission from the command-ant at Sancti Spiritus to remain at their homes and grow crops, but that on Captain General Weyler's visit to Sancti Spiritus it was paggested to him that the Span'sh govthor had received a consideration for al-owing the villagers to remain. The disatch went on to say that Weyler ordered Captain Diaz to "remove" them, and that he order was taken literally by the guerrilla thief, who, with a force of 300 men, started from the village, fired the houses and shot the defenseless people down as they emerged rom their homes, sparing neither sex no

AMERICANS ARRESTED IN CUBA Consul General Lee Interesting Him-

arrest of two naturalized American citizens in Cuba recently, in whose behalf he has interested himself. Jose T. Dumas was arested in Havana on April 20. The consul general, on being informed of the arrest, made a request on the Spanish officials for a statement of the charge upon which the man had been arrested, but up to the 21st, the date of his report, the answer had not been received. The second case was that of Rafael Fernandez Dizz, captured in Saguas. He is now held in jail there, and in this case also the consul general has requested that all the rights conceded by the treaty be ex-

REPORTED VICTORY A DEFEAT.

Engagements in Cuba. NEW YORK, April 29 .- A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says: The engagement which the Spanish had with General Rodriguez in the Purgatori hills and which was reported as a decisive Spanish victory, turns at to have been the reverse. The Spanish olumns encountered the insurgents and at tacked sharply, relying on their superior force. The rebels retreated toward their camp and succeeded in playing their old trick of drawing the Spanish into an am-General Castille arrived with rein forcements while Rodriguez was engaging the Spanish and fell on their flank. The fighting lasted five hours and in killed,

DECREE FOR REFORMS IN CUBA

that Part of Island is Pacified. MADRID, April 29 .- The queen regent at viding for the application of the agreed upon reforms for the island of Cuba. Her sland is pacified.

MADRID, April 29.—The queen regent, and potatoes are not hurt, except in places Maria Christina, is indisposed. Her majesty where the floods washed away the soil, is suffering from nervous prostration.

SUICIDE THEORY IS DISCREDITED. John S. Shelden Had Thousands of

Dollars When He Went Away.
CHICAGO, April 29.—It is not certain that
John S. Sheldon, the Loda banker whose
failure precipitated numerous failures in the
town of Leda, Ill. committed suicide. It

St. Louis, 1.6; New Orleans, 0.2. Failen:
Helena, 0.2; Arkansis City, 0.1; LaCrosse,
0.2; Memphis, 0.3; Keokuk, 0.6. They are
shove the danger line and rising: At Kantown of Leda, Ill. committed suicide. It Dollars When He Went Away. town of Leda, Ill., committed suicide. It appears that immediately after his disap-

CLEVELAND, O., April 29.-First Lieu enant Lane of the United States cruiser Mr. Chamberlain by remarking: "You are asking for £200,000."
"What nonsense," exclaimed Mr. Chamber-in Geneva, O.

Citizons Work All Day Long Rescuing the Flood Sufferers.

DEATH LIST WILL NOT EXCEED TWENTY

Two Thousand Persons Homeless, but Their Wants Are Being Speedily Provided For \_ tmmense

Property Loss,

GUTHRIE, Okl., April 29.-In the floodday has been one of heroic efforts toward and afurther rise of between 1.5 and 2 feet ment the death list was swelled to hundreds. The negroes who lived in the stricken portion of the town had in their terror given up their missing friends or relatives as lost and it was the general belief that scores had perished in their homes or in tornado cellars, but when daylight came this morning the flood had subsided, and examinations today of houses and cellars failed to onfirm the reported heavy lose of life. Daylight found dozens of neople still cling ing to trees, overturned houses or timbers in perilous positions which they had sustained during all the weary night. For miles along the scene of devastation fifteen hundred peohomeless, half ill from exposure and hunger, passed a miserable night, and moraothers.

SCENE OF DESOLATION. The scene in the fleed-swept district this morning was one of desolation. The river fell rapidly during the night, and when the sun rose the awful extent of the damage done to property could be seen. The river is still bank full, but the water has receded from most of the inundated district. on nearly every lot, are stripped bare, buge trees, torn up by their roots, are scattered everywhere, great gulches have been washed out of the streets, gardens are devastated, foult trees leveled, lawns and flower beds cleared off level as a table and fences com-

letely gone.
With the first ray of daylight the work of rescue and relief was taken up and kept up with a tireless energy till nightfall made it impossible to continue. During the night men had been put to work in lumber yards constructing boats, and dawn today witnessed a dozen craft darting out from all directions to the rescue of the unfor-tunates. People who had missing ones betunates. gan searching everywhere for their bodies HAVANA, April 29.—The correspondent of taking risks that ordinarily they would not the Associated press declares as absolutely have been able to take. Many of those who had without foundation the story telegraphed stream trying to recover some of it, some from Havana to a New York evening paper, parts of a house, bedelothing or wearing ap.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 29.—The trial of The work of the raftsmen proved transported from their perilcus positions to places of safety on land. Excited negroes, who had climbed to the

roof of a house, held an all-day prayer meet-ing, and their shouting could be plainly heard in Guthrie. The family of Wesley McGill, reported yesterday as drowned, was found safe.

IDENTIFIED DEAD. The only bodies found during the day were those of Mrs. Fannie Ruffin and five children, all lodged in a pile of driftwood with George Owen, the drawned while rescuing others; Frank Avers Mrs. Ella Dumas, Mrs. Jane Watt, Mrs. Francis Moore, Mrs. Drummond, Mrs. Dennis and child and Mrs. Watson, are the only identified dead. Many persons are still

missing however. ected and carried on. Ferries plied across everywhere, and returning with any in-jured or urgent cases of distress. Such were carefully cared for in private homes WASHINGTON, April 29.—Consul General in Guthrie. By nightfall ample arrangements had been made for the immediate care of the homeless, and there was an as rance of no further suffering, at least for the time being.

Five hundred homes have been swept away, 150 houses were wrecked and twenty stores devastated, leaving 1,000 people homeless and half as many destitute, and the work of supplying shelter and food for these was no mean undertaking. By night thousands of dollars had been subscribed to aid the afflicted, and aid being dis-tributed with good effect under the direction of the Guthrie club.

The damage along the Cimarron river to the east is very heavy and hundreds of farm houses have been devastated along Deep Fork, in Lincoln county. Hundreds of men worked all day rebuilding houses along the stream and strengthening or tearing down damaged bridges, as the case warranted. The Santa Pe had 500 men working on its track alone. Late this afternoon trains were runatone. Late this attention trains were founding north, but it will be several days yet before the road is open south. The up proaches to the new bridge across the Climaron river are crumbling away and passenger today were transferred by boats. Between Guthrie and Seward fully six miles of track

The Santa Fe road is refusing shipments of live stock or perishable freight. Bad washouts have also been experienced on the Choctaw railroad west of Oklahoma City.
It is still impossible to accurately estimate the loss to property and crops. The damage to property will be in the neighborhood of \$100,000, while that sustained in crops may be several times greater.

Flood Subsides at El Reno EL RENO, Okl., April 29 .- The flood of the North Canadian river is falling almost as rapidly as it rose and tonight the water has so far receded that most of the farmer. cabinet meeting today signed a decree pro-iding for the application of the agreed have been swept away, however, and as the highways are practically impassable, it will be some days before ordinary business can majesty's action was due to the receipt of a cable message from Captain General Weyler be resumed. There has been no railroad announcing that the western part of the traffic in or out of this city since the flood. It is believed that, generally, wheat has not been injured by the excessive rains, but corn will mostly have to be replanted. Oats

Changes in the Rivers. WASHINGTON, April 29.-The following changes in the rivers (in feet and tenths) have occurred: Risen: Kansas City, 0.2; danger line and falling: At Helena, Ark., 9.0; Arkansas City, 6.1; Memphis, 1.1; Keo-kuk, 3.9. Stationary: Vicksburg, 10.0. The following heavy precipitation in inches was reported: Lafayette, Ind., 1.88; Brickley, Ark., 1.50; Springfield, Mo., 1.30; Little Rock, 1.6; Boonville, Mo., 1.89

High Water Near Independence. KANSAS CITY, April 29 .- A special to the Star from Independence, Kan., says: streams in this vicinity are all bank full and threaten a great deal of damage. The Virdigris has risen faster than any of the other streams and is still coming up rapidly. Elk river is out of its banks in several

places, and at Elk City, fifteen miles west of lon TRIAL FOR WIFE MURDER here, the Santa Fe tracks are under water. Trains can go no farther west than this city. The passenger train from Kansas City last night was compelled to cut off at

EXPECTED TO REACH DANGER LINE. St. Louis' Troubles from High Water

Chanute in order to get west.

Not Yet Over. ST. LOUIS, April 29.-Still higher water for this section of the Mississippi valley is looked for according to reports received today by the local weather bureau official, Dr. Frankenfield. He says: "The river at St. Louis will continue to rise and will probably reach the thirty-foot mark (danger line) on Priday. With the water now in eight a stage of about 30.5 feet is indicated on Saturday. upper Mississippi will fall from Hannistricken valley of the Cottonwood river to- bal northward. It will rise below Louisiana

the rescue of those unfortunates whose lives and indicated at Alton."

At Hannibal, Mo., the gauge today regiswere still endangered and for the relief of the hundreds of destitute and hungry. Tonight it mems a certainty that the loss of life in yesterday's deluge will not exceed twenty. All day missing people, supposed yesterday to have been drowned, have been drowned found clinging to bushes or driftwood down the stream on the west bluffs or scattered in partments of the Hannibai shops have shut farmhouses for miles. During the greater part of yesterday the roaring torrent of result the levee is in great danger, as it water cut off communication with the sub- cannot stand much more pressure. A large merged district, and in the general excite- force of men are acting as patrols and sacks are being filled with sand to use in an emer-

gency.

In the Missouri bottoms, a few miles north of the city, the small farms are sub-merged and the people have abandoned their homes and fied to the hills. The people residing on Sny island are getting their stock and goods off as fast as possible, for they fear the levee may break at any hour.

Call All Hands to the Levees. NEW ORLEANS, April 29.- The river is 19.4 and rising. Mass meetings are calling upon employers to stop trying to make crops and put all hands on the levees, while the levee boards are asked for material with which to build the barriers higher. Caping found most of them too weak to be of tain Derby, the government engineer in this much assistance either to themselves or district, not content with simply sounding the warning, has announced that he will raise eighty-four miles of levee at once, and this example has given so much confidence that the embankment everywhere will find defenders.

Refugees to Be Returned. MEMPHIS, April 29 .- An executive comsittee of the Flood Sufferers' Relief assohe was in a rage.

Sir Harccurt sild, as Mr. Chamberlain was entering the chamber: "I have said this was a war plot, I repeat it in his presence, this was a war plot."

The banks were littered with the dead carginates of horses, cattle, hogs, and chickens which entering shaded up a piece of Mr. Chamberlain snatched up a piece of the control of the c refugees remaining in the city do so on their own responsibility.

No Trains at Cklahoma. OKLAHOMA, Okl., April 29.-Owing to ashouts and destruction of bridges by floods, neither the Santa Fe nor Choctaw railroads have run any muil into the city for the past forty-eight hours.

Report of a Break in the Levee. MELVILLE, La., April 29 .- A break is re ported in the levee on bayou Del Clayzo fifteen miles west of Simmsport. The report is not yet confirmed.

LOVING CUP FOR CAPTAIN ROMEYN.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 29,-The trial of Captain Romeyn, before the general court martial convened at Fort McPherson, was continued today. The day was taken up in hearing evidence in rebuttal of that which has been introduced by the accused officer Very little advance was made, however, as there were numerous objections to the different questions, and in each instance the court room was necessarily cleared for consultation. Captains Wales, Bailey, Forbes, Tillson, Ratdall, Borden; and Lieutenant Colonel Russell, all of Fort McPherson, testified that they had geen no ostracism of the lieutenant and Mrs. O'Brien, or any public disfavor. From present indications the trial will not end before next Monday,

Today Captain Romeyn was presented with magnificent silver loving cup by the members of his company, with this inscription: "Presented to Captain Heary Romeyn i the members of Company G. Fifth infantry, in recognition of his worth as a soldier and a gentleman."

SOIL RIPE FOR CORN PLANTING.

Weeks Later Than Last Year. CHICAGO, April 29 .- The Corn Belt pro ents a summary of reports received from correspondents along the main lines and ranches of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad, covering the great western con producing sections. The reports cover southern Iowa, northern Kanshs, northern Mis souri and eastern, central and western Ne-braska. Reports have been received from 458 correspondents, covering about 600 points in 110 counties in the territory men-

These reports show unmistakably that the season is backward, but that with the ex-ception of northern Iowa and northern Mis-souri the ground is in good condition for corn planting, but it will be from one to three weeks later than last year. The condition of other crops is fully up to the average of last year at this time. The outlook for rye is particularly favorable.

INVITE THE PRESIDENT TO ATTEND.

I tah Wants Him to Witness the Semi Centennial Celebration. SALT LAKE, April 29 .- A delegation has een chosen by Governor Wells and the Utah Semi-Centennial commission to call upon President McKinley and invite him to attend the jubilee celebration of the arrival of the Utah ploncers, to be held in July next. The delegation consists of George Q. Cannon, the first president of the Mormon church; P. H. Lannon of the Salt Lake Tribune, George W. Bartch, a fustice of the state supreme court, and the senators and representatives of the state in congress. Messrs, Cannon, Lannon and Bartch will leave Sait Lake for Washington next Mon-day.

New Steamship Line.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 29.—A new steamship line is to be established between San Francisco and Japan to be known as the San Francisco and Yokohoma Transportation company. A monthly service is to be established between these two points via Honolulu. Five first-class steamers will be operated and probably a branch line will be maintained between Yokohoma and Scattle and Portland. The first steamer of the new line, the Hakusan Maru. left Yokohama April 3, and is nearly due at this port. The new company will be operated in opposition to the existing lines across the Pacific.

Harrison Will Not He Moderator. INDIANAPOLIS. April 29.—Although there has been much talk of electing Genthere has been much talk of electing General Harrison to be moderator of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church to be held at Winona next month, there is not much likelihood that anything will come of it. General Harrison has explained to his friends that his time is too much occupied with his legal work and his writings to admit of his giving the necessary time to preparing for the event. Consequently his name will not be presented by any of the Indianapolis commissioners.

Spaiding is Arraigned. CHICAGO, April 28.—President Charles W. Spaiding of the defunct Globe Savings w. Spanding of the defined Globe Savings bank, who has been in jull since hast Saturday in default of bull, was arraigned this afternoon to answer to charges of emberz's ment. He waived a samination and was nele to the criminal court casaler Churchil and Vice President Aveill, also appeared on the same charge and their cases were continued.

Hearing of the Serious Charge Against Dr. J. Sidney Goodmanson.

MAY LAST THROUGH NEXT WEEK

Cloud of Witnesses in Attendance and a Great Mass of Evidence to Be Submitted\_Story of the Crime.

PONCA, Neb., April 29.-(Special Telegram.)-On the 24th day of September, 1896, the wife of Dr. J. Sidney Goodmanson, a also artistically draped and in the center of dentist residing at Pender, suddenly died of the north wall was a life-size portrait of the what was believed at the time to be strychnine poisoning. Her death occurred in her have been handed to her by her husband in the attempt to secure a flash light picture an explosion occurred, which was quickly followed by flames that a glass of water and the theory of the state is that by means of it he murdered her. Her list that by means of it he murdered her. Her list that by means of it he murdered her. The iliness lasted but about fifteen minutes. The excitement that followed the defendant's arrest was intense and such intensity has detraction from the evening's enjoyment. grown with time. The body was exhumed and the vital organs sent to the famous chemist, Dr. Walter S. Haines of Rush Medical college, for a chemical examination. The husband of the deceased was arrested and a preliminary examination was held, as the result of which he was sent to jail with out bail to await the action of the district court of Thurston county.

At this view the defendant made appli-cation for a change of venue on the ground that the people of the vicinity were strongly prejudiced against him and that he could not be given a just trial. The motion was not be given a just trial. The motion was not resisted by the state and District Judge R. E. Evans sent the case to this county (Dixon) for trial on April 27, the defendant, meantime, remaining in jail without bonds. The trial, presided over by Judge Evans and with a bristling array of counsel on both sides, began last Tuesday morning, but the first two days were occapied in securing a jury and other preliminaries. The hearing is now in full progress and will probably

occupy the balance of this week and a largest part of the week following. Thirty-five ymen were examined before the court settled upon the twelve that are to pass judgment on the merits of the case. This jury is made up of intelligent men and there seems to be an earnest desire to reach the mittee of the Flood Sufferers' Relief asso-ciation today publishes an announcement to the famous advocate for the state, and G. to who administered it and if by the deceased's husband, whether it was done with

nomicidal intent.
A great crowd of people is taking an iutensa interest in the outcome of the legal joust, and the number of spectators, largely women, is only limited by the capacity of

One of the active factors in the trial is as to the motive of the defendant in causing the death of his wife, if he did it. The state strongly insists that the defendant, the coustrongly insists would profit largely.

The Done Copper Mining company is putple being childless, would profit largely through her death for the reason that he was a direct heir to considerable money and property. The defense replies that prior to his wife's death he had regularly received remittances of money from the rentals and litterest of such assets, whereby he was of list season.

Cast.

The Done Copper Mining company is putting in hoisting and pumping machinery at its mine and will resume shipments as soon as the snow will permit. The ore will probably go to Chicago as the company is promised and the Tricoupists.

STATEMENT I list season.

M. Delyannis made course benefited, and that to remove her would certainly be antagonistic to his own ENTERS WRONG HOUSE AND IS SHOT. interests. The prosecution also sets up the gred of another woman, and so had a double motivo in killing his besutiful wife. The truth as to Mrs. Geneva Goodmanson's death will probably never be known. The great healing power of time has intervened since the sad affair and has softened the inspirations and the prejudices of the people that prevailed when Dr. Goodmanson was arested last September.

Witnesses are here from all parts of the state and some from Tiskliwa and Princeton, lil., the home of the deceased. They come and go. Walter S. Haines of Rush Medical college, Chicago, and Dr. Palmer of Prince-ton, Ill., the physician who made the post nortem examination at the time the body of the deceased was exhumed, reached Fonca oday and submitted their testimony, which was in effect nothing more than they gave at the time of the pricinicary hearing, and they returned tonight. Other witnesses reached the city this evening. Tomorrow's roccodings are awaited with the usual in

Ponca presents the appearance of an imtense convention.

FIELD TO MARRY MRS. SHERIDAN

Chicago's Merchant Prince to Wee Widow of the Great General. CHICAGO, April 29.-The News says today: It is common talk in Chicago society widow of the late General Phil Sheridan and that the wedding will take place in the near future. Mr. Field reached Chicago tobut declined to see a reporter who called for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the story of his engagement was true.

Mrs. Sheridan was formerly Miss Rucker

daughter of General Rucker of the army and was married to General Sheridan in thi city about twenty years ago. She has three children, twin boys aged about 18 and a daughter. Since the death of her husband Mrs. Sheridan has resided in Washington She is a devout Catholic and her children are being educated in schools of that fait! Mr. Field has been a widower for year. He has two children-Marsha Field, jr., who resides on Prairie avenue, and Mrs. Arthur Tree, who since her marriage has resided at Leamington, England. The above dispatch was shown to Mr

my statement in regard to the matter.

Mr. Field said tonight that the story is un rue, without any foundation whatever, TWO MILWAUKEE HOTELS BURN. Guests in One of Them Taken Out by

Sheridan tonight, but she declined to make

the Firemen. MILWAUKEE, April 29.-Fire destroye he Schmidt hotel, a four-story building, at 123 Huron street at 3:30 o'clock this morn ing. When the guests were awakened the fire had spread from the first to the second story and escape by the stairways was cut off. Firemen rescued all the inmates, fif-teen in number. The building was badly damaged. Some of the women were un-conscious when found by the firemen. About two hours later the fire department was called to Mineral Spring Park hotel, a popular resort near the Riverside park. The hotel was completely destroyed.

Husband Shot by a Boarder, CHICAGO, April 29.-Harry Randall, atchman, shot and fatally wounded Harry D. Butler, an unemployed sallor, at th nome of the latter's wife on Twenty-fifth street today. Butler, who has not lived with his wife for three years, called on her to effect a reconciliation. A quarrel soon trose and Randall, who boarded at the house, was appealed to for protection by Mrs Butler. Mrs. Butler.

Senator Platt Weds. WASHINGTON, April 29.—Senator On ville H. Platt of Connecticut was married Movements of Ocean Vyssels, April 20, today to Mrs. Jennie T. Hoyt of Upper At Amsterdam—Arrived—Zaandam, from Montciair, N. J. The wedding was at the home of the bride. Very few of Sena-tor Platt's colleagues were aware of his intended nuptials. The announcement of the marriage was a surprise.

Engage Gold for Europe. o., bankers of this city, have engaged \$500. 600 in gold for shipment to Germany by the New York. steamer Lahn, from New Pork, Tuesday. At This firm shipped \$500,000 by the steamer Phili

DINNER IN MEMORY OF GRANT. NEW GREEK CABINET

Eleventh Annual Banqu lens Club at Pitt PITTSBURG, Pa., April 25 eleventh annual banquet of the An club in tonight memory of General Grant w in spite of fire in the bang = ill, which tatened for destroyed the decorations an a time to put a stop to the pies. Th club had made great prepe As for the event, and the decorators several days and had a ing with four rows of inverte structed of red, white and to pyramids, several hundred inting. The irely covered the celling and conthem extended to within about eight feet of the floor. An electric light was suspended

from the tip of each and a bunch of smillax festioned from point to point. The general effect was very beautiful. The windows were Here of Appointtiex. The club management wished to secure a photograph of the deco delayed only about an hour, the dismantled condition of the room proving but a slight There were 324 diners seated at the table, with U. S. Trent as toastmaster. The toasts with U. S. Frent as toastmaster. The toasis and speakers were as fellows: Senator William E. Mason, "Grant and His Party;" Representative William Alden Smith, "Grant's Foreign Policy;" Senator G. L. Wellington, "Republican Party in the South;" Major B. F. Warner, "Partisanship."

Senator Mark A. Hanna of Ohio and Com-Senator Mark A. Hanna of Ohlo and Com

missioner of Patents Benjamin Butterworth. who were expected to respond to toasts could not be present. Among the guests were Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll, who is in the city on his lecture tour. Letters of regret were read from many prominent people, among them being President McKinley, Mrs. U. S. Grant, Colone Fred Grant, Harrison Dingman and Andrew

STRIKE A RICH VEIN OF ORE. Wyoming Hills Continue to Yield Un

Treasure to Prospectors, RAWLINS, Wyo., April 29.—(Special Telegram.)-The fine weather of the past week has been a great stimulus to mining operations. Many prospectors and miners have left for the Encampment district. Chatterton and Kurtz, who have one of the best developed mines in this district, have sent out a force of men to begin taking out ore for shipment at the end of an 1.100 foot tun-nel. At a depth of 350 feet from the surface they have encountered a nine-fost vein of rich mineral. It is a copper ore, carry-ing gold and silver. Just what it assays is mly known to the owners, who claim it will ear fifty miles of wagon transportation, a 350 mile railroad haul to Denver smelters, and leave a handsome profit. They expect to continue shipments during the summer and until smelting works of their own are con-

The Bee's correspondent was informed today by a prominent business man that nego-tiations are now pending for the erection of smelting works in this city. He claims that

McCann Dangerously Wounded in a Scutte RAWLINS, Wyo., April 29.—(Special Tele gram.)-A peculiar shooting affair occurred at about 10 o'clock last night. Henry C. Magor met his friend, James H. McCann, who was just in from the country, and gave McCann the key to his house, telling him he could sleep there, but he failed to say he had moved into another building. When McCann was ready to retire he went to what he supposed was Magor's residence. As he entered the door he met Rolla Turpin, the occupant, but supposing Turpin was a roomer, he answered him, when questioned, as to what he was doing there, that he had come what he was doing there, that he had come to go to bed. Turpin attempted to put McCann out and a scuffle ensued. Turpin fired several shots, one of which took effect in McCann's left shoulder, the bullet ranging downward. McCann's life hangs in the bullance as he is seriously hurt. Both are exemplary young men and the affair is greatly regretted.

TEST OF THE NEW MILEAGE LAW.

Continued Till Vext Term PIERRE, S. D., April 29.—(Special Telegram.)-In the supreme court this morning the case of Hooper against the State of South Dakota was called and on motion of circles that Marshal Field is engaged to the plaintiff continued over the term. The suit is to test the legality of the manner of adopt ng the constitutional amendment cutting the nileage of members of the legislature from to cents to 5 cents per mile, which, if proved

invalid, would carry with it other amend ments submitted. This afternoon arguments were heard in the mandamus case brought by the ratiroad commissioners to compel the state auditor to issue warrants for the expense fund without complying with the rule of the auditor re-quiring receipts. The decision will be handed down in this case in a few days.

NEW MEXICO TO BE AT THE EXPO. Governor of the Territory Appoints List of Commissioners.

DENVER, April 29.-A special to the News rom Santa Fe, N. M., says: Acting Governor Miller today appointed ommissioners to the Transmississippi Exposition at Omaha as follows: J. W. Walker, Albuquerque; J. T. McLaughlin, San Pedro, Felix Martinez, Las Vegas; E. O. Faulkuer, Eddy; John Morrow, Rato; Sol Luna, Los Lunas; W. S. Hill, Hillsboro; Gus Mullhot-land, Gallup. Ex-Governor L. B. Prince is vice president for this territory.

Engineer Killed in a Wreek. WARRENTOWN, O., April 29,-An en gine and fourteen cars of a freight train or the Wheeling & Lake Eric railway went through a bridge near here today and plunged into a creek. Engineer James Garsletter was scalided to death. Fireman Edward Munn and Brakeman C. E. Keyser both received broken legs and were other-wise injured severely.

Rain Stops Forest Pires.

PHILLIPS, Wis., April 29,-The rains

last night and today have quenched the fires

in the woods around Park Falls. The sawmill and paper mills shut down and the men went out to battle with the fire. One man was fatally injured by a burning tree fall-ing upon him. Much valuable timber has been destroyed. to offer his resignation, because to have done so would have been cowardly. The cabinet desired to remain in office, to take Cleveland Goes Fishing Again. GREENWICH, Conn., April 29.-Ex-Pres dent Cleveland, ex-Secretary Carlisle and ex-Postmaster General Wilson went aboard

E. C. Benedict's yacht Oneida this after-noon and later will proceed to Mr. Cleve-land's summer home at Gray Gables. The program includes a fishing trip in the

At Amsterdam-Arrived-Zaandam, from
New York.
At Bremerhaven-Arrived-Spree, from
New York via Plymouth and Cherhourg.
At New York-Arrived-Spaarndam, from
Rotterdam. Sailed-Britannie, for Liverpool; Normannia, for Hamburg, etc.; Weimar, for Bremen, etc.
At Moyille-Arrived-Ethiopia, from New
York for Glasgow.
At Boulegne-Sailed-Amsterdam, for
New York.

Delyannis Ministry Steps Out and a New One Steps In.

M. RALLI HEADS THE LIST AS PREMIER

Most of the New Men Have Occupied Cabinet Positions Before.

KING REQUESTS THE REORGANIZATION

Sketches of the Men Who Go to Make Up New Ministry.

NEW PREMIER OUTLINES HIS POLICY

Will Endeavor to Reorganize the Army and Re-Establish Order-Refuse to Accent any Mandate from the King.

ATHENS, April 29 .- Following is the official list of the new cabinet ministers as anounced this evening:

Premier and Minister of Marine-M. Rall. Minister of War-M. Tsamovos. Minister of Finance-M. Simopoulo. Minister of Education-M. Carapanos. Minister of the Interior-M. Teotaoki.

Demorius Ralli, the new premier and minster of marine, was the leader of the opposition. He has been minister of justice and minister of the interior and is well known throughout the country as an able lawyer and orator. He is 50 years old and studied at the University of Athens and at Paris.

Anargyres Simopoulo, the new minister of finance, is a deputy from Parnessis and like the other members of the cabinet has been a preminent member of the opposition. Several times he has been minister of jus-Constantine Carapanos is a deputy from Arta, and one of the most distinguished fi-

panciers of Greece. This is the second time he has been appointed to this department of the cabinet. George Teotaoki is a deputy from Carfer, and was minister of the interior under Prime Minister Tricoupia.

M. Tsamovos has long been associated with M. Ralli in his campaign against roy-

alty,
M. Triantafyllako and M. Eftaxlas are mentioned for the ministry of education and the ministry of justice respectively, in the places of M. Carapanos and M. Delgoris, who decline The new cabinet was formed at the re-

quest of King George, who called on the Delyannis to resign. He then entrusted to he opposition leaders the task of forming a ew ministry. Admiral Canaros and M. Deligeorgis, as well as M. Sotoripoulo, have declined port-folios. The new ministry will take a com-

posite character and rely for its support upon a coalition of the followers of M. Ralli STATEMENT BY DELYANNIS. M. Delyannis made the following state-

ment this ofternoon: "Yesterday King George summoned me to the palace and depelled him to replace the cabinet and to form a new ministry from the ranks of the opposition. He begged me to second his efforts. I refused to tender my resignation, not because of my love of power, order that such a step might not be misinterpreted. I urged the king to use the privilege of the crown, declaring that I was ready to sign the royal decree provided the latter cast no blame upon us. I added that there was no reason to fear that such a measure would be considered by Europe as a censure upon the government's policy. Judgment would be formed as to that after

the new cabinet had been tried. "I cannot divulge the policy which I con-sidered necessary. I can only say that the country would have emerged from its trial without the loss of territory and I could have obtained a rectification of frontier by abanoning Crete according to the demands of ne powers. The latter measure would have facilitated the task, inasmuch as the principle of Ottoman integrity would not have been impaired, while the peace of Europe would have been assured because of the tification of the frontier line adjudged in

the treaty of Berlin." RALLI INSISTS. During the negotiations for the reconstruction of the ministry from the opposition, M. Ralli opposed the proposal to make M. Sotoripoulo premier and said: "Setting aside all false modesty I must be

recognized. I am the premier designated by The opposition leaders acquiesced in this, but M. Delgorls refused to join the ministry unless the premier were chosen outside the regular constituted parties in the Boule. To this M. Ralli replied that he could not and would not attempt to form a ministry without the support of the opposition sections in the assembly, and he tried to induce M. Delgoris to join.

The public tension is much relieved by the change of ministers, and it is now believed that all serious danger of internal disorders Owing to the absence of M. Teotaoki, the

new cabinet will not take the oath until to-M. Delyannis appears to be assured of a asjority in the legislative assembly, but it i probable that he will support the cabinet, The new ministers, on the other hand, are confident of obtaining a working majority, owing to defections from their opponents The city tonight is exceedingly quiet

RALLI OUTLINES HIS POLICY.

LONDON, April 29.—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Athens had an interview with M. Ralli this afterneon, during which the Greek statesman outlined his policy. M. Ralli said: "My policy will consist in the reorganiza-tion of the army, whose recuperative forces are practically inexhaustible, and the re-establishment of order, together with a satisfactory solution of our foreign relations. We

refuse to accept a mandate from the king or from the Chamber. We must have an absolutely free hand." DELYANNIS TALKS. LONDON, April 29.—The Athens correspondent of the Times has had an interview today with M. Delyannis, who declares that he would use his influence with his follow-ers not to hamper the new cabinet, as the present time was pre-eminently unsuited for internal discord. He said he had declined

an opportunity to defend its policy. ADJOURNS WITHOUT A QUORUM,

all the consequences of its acts and to have

Business in the Assembly. ATHENS, April 29.- The legislative asembly, convened in extraordinary session, met a second time last evening and again adjourned owing to lack of a quorum, only ninety-five deputies being present and 104 being the number necessary to proceed with business. The adjournment was followed by much excitement and cries of disapproval from the galleries. After the adjournment the premier, M. Delyannis, had a long con-ference with the king and the opposition deputies held a prolonged meeting, but the conference broke up without deciding upon a

At Queenstown-Sailed-Rhynland, for Program.
At crowd of fully 19,000 people surrounded At Laverpool-Sailed-Scythia, for Boston.

Parliament house when the deputies as